

Proof-relevant normalization for intersection types with profunctors

Types 2022

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Idempotent and non-idempotent intersection types

Types $A, B ::= o \mid A \Rightarrow B \mid A \wedge B$

$a_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge a_n \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad [a_1, \dots, a_n] \text{ multiset}$

$\lambda\text{-term } M \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \llbracket M \rrbracket = \{(\Gamma, a) \mid \Gamma \vdash M : a\}$

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► Idempotent

$$a \wedge a \sim a$$

duplication/erasure

► Non-idempotent

$$a \wedge a \neq a$$

linear resources

Idempotent and non-idempotent intersection types

Idempotent

$$a \wedge a \sim a$$

Non-idempotent

$$a \wedge a \neq a$$

type

preorder $A = (|A|, \leq_A)$

set $|A|$

multiset $[a_1, \dots, a_n]$

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$$[a_1, \dots, a_n] \leq_I [b_1, \dots, b_m] \\ \forall i \in \underline{n}, \exists j \in \underline{m}, a_i \leq_A b_j$$

$$[a_1, \dots, a_n] = [b_1, \dots, b_n]$$

term

ideal relation

relation

Idempotent case (Coppo-Dezani)

$$\frac{[a] \leq [a_1, \dots, a_n]}{\Gamma, x : [a_1, \dots, a_n] \vdash x : a}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : [a_1, \dots, a_n] \vdash M : a}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. M : ([a_1, \dots, a_n], a)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : ([a_1, \dots, a_n], b) \quad (\Gamma \vdash N : a_i)_{1 \leq i \leq n}}{\Gamma \vdash (M)N : b}$$

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λ -term M with $\text{fv}(M) \subset \vec{x} = \langle x_1, \dots, x_n \rangle$,

$$\llbracket M \rrbracket_{\vec{x}}^! \neq \emptyset \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad M \text{ head normalizing}$$

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Contraction/weakening \Rightarrow proof using Tait's realizability argument

Non-idempotent case (Gardner-de Carvalho)

$$\frac{}{x : [a] \vdash x : a} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, x : [a_1, \dots, a_n] \vdash M : a}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.M : ([a_1, \dots, a_n], a)}$$
$$\frac{\Gamma_0 \vdash M : ([a_1, \dots, a_n], b) \quad (\Gamma_i \vdash N : a_i)_{1 \leq i \leq n}}{\Gamma_0 + \dots + \Gamma_n \vdash (M)N : b}$$

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Linear resources \Rightarrow combinatorial proof using derivation size
 \Rightarrow quantitative results on computation time

Connecting the two using orthogonality (Ehrhard)

- ▶ preorder $A = (|A|, \leq_A)$, subsets $x, y \subseteq |A|$

$$x \perp y \quad :\Leftrightarrow \quad (x \cap y \neq \emptyset \Leftrightarrow \downarrow(x) \cap y \neq \emptyset).$$

- ▶ For $D \subseteq \mathcal{P}(|A|)$, define $D^\perp := \{y \in \mathcal{P}(|A|) \mid \forall x \in D, x \perp y\}$

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\rightsquigarrow new category where both typing systems coexist

objects

(A, D) preorder A

+ extra structure $D = D^{\perp\perp}$

morphisms

ideal relations preserving
the extra structure

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- ▶ We obtain:

$$\llbracket M \rrbracket_{\vec{x}}^{\text{NI}} \neq \emptyset \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \llbracket M \rrbracket_{\vec{x}}^{\text{I}} \neq \emptyset$$

From preorders to categories

preorder $A = (|A|, \leq_A)$

$$a \leq_A b$$

multiset $[a_1, \dots, a_n]$

$$[a_1, \dots, a_n] \leq [b_1, \dots, b_m]$$

$$\forall i \in \underline{n}, \exists j \in \underline{m}, a_i \leq_A b_j$$

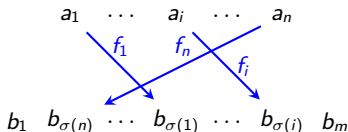
$$[a, a] \leq [a] \text{ and } [a, a] \leq [a]$$

category \mathbf{A}

$$a \xrightarrow{f} b$$

list $\langle a_1, \dots, a_n \rangle \in \mathbf{CA}$

$$\langle a_1, \dots, a_n \rangle \rightarrow \langle b_1, \dots, b_m \rangle$$



$$\langle a, a \rangle \rightleftharpoons \langle a \rangle$$

From sets to groupoids

set $(|A|, =)$

$$a = b$$

multiset $[a_1, \dots, a_n]$

$$[a_1, \dots, a_n] = [b_1, \dots, b_n]$$

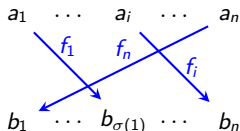
$$[a, a] \neq [a]$$

groupoid \mathbf{A}

$$a \xrightarrow{\cong} b$$

list $\langle a_1, \dots, a_n \rangle \in \mathcal{L}\mathbf{A}$

$$\langle a_1, \dots, a_n \rangle \rightarrow \langle b_1, \dots, b_n \rangle$$



$$\mathcal{L}\mathbf{A}(\langle a, a \rangle, \langle a \rangle) = \emptyset$$

From relations to profunctors

$$R \subseteq A \times B \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad A \xrightarrow{\text{function}} \mathcal{P}(B) \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad A \times B \xrightarrow{\text{function}} 2$$

Definition

Let \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} be two categories, a *profunctor* from \mathbf{A} to \mathbf{B} is a functor

$$P : \mathbf{A} \rightarrow \widehat{\mathbf{B}} \quad (\text{also denoted } P : \mathbf{A} \rightharpoonup \mathbf{B})$$

$$P : \mathbf{A} \rightharpoonup \mathbf{B} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \mathbf{A} \xrightarrow{\text{functor}} \widehat{\mathbf{B}} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}^{\text{op}} \xrightarrow{\text{functor}} \mathbf{Set}$$

Profunctor composition being not strictly associative, we need to work in the setting of bicategories

Intersection type profunctors (Olimpieri)

Reflexive object $\mathbf{D} \cong \mathbf{D} \Rightarrow \mathbf{D}$ in the bicategory **Prof**

General idea: for a λ -term M with $\text{fv}(M) \subset \vec{x} = \langle x_1, \dots, x_n \rangle$,

$\llbracket M \rrbracket_{\vec{x}}$ is a profunctor $(!\mathbf{D})^n \dashv\vdash \mathbf{D}$

$$\llbracket M \rrbracket_{\vec{x}}(\Gamma, a) = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \pi \\ \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash M : a \end{array} \right\} / \sim$$

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Question: what can the bicategorical setting tell us about the 2-cells?

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► Non-idempotent case

$$\llbracket M \rrbracket_{\vec{x}}^{\text{NI}} \neq \emptyset \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad M \text{ head normalizing}$$

Linear resources: explicit reduction 2-cell

$$\llbracket M \rrbracket_{\vec{x}}^{\text{NI}} \Rightarrow \llbracket \text{HN}(M) \rrbracket_{\vec{x}}^{\text{NI}}$$

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Contraction/weakening: proof using Tait's realizability argument

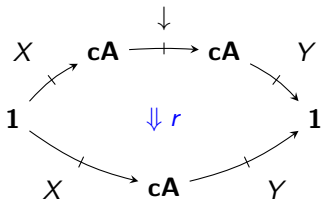
Bicategorical orthogonality

- ▶ A preorder with underlying set $|A|$

$$(x, y) \in \perp_A \quad :\Leftrightarrow \quad (x \cap y \neq \emptyset \Leftrightarrow \downarrow(x) \cap y \neq \emptyset).$$

- ▶ **A** category with groupoid core **cA**

$$(X, Y, r) \in \perp_{\mathbf{A}} \quad :\Leftrightarrow \quad r \text{ retract to the canonical inclusion}$$



Orthogonality bicategory

↪ new bicategory where both typing systems coexist

types	(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{D}) category + extra structure
terms	profunctors preserving the extra structure
reductions	natural transformations preserving the extra structure

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We obtain: for a term M , there are injection retraction 2-cells:

$$\downarrow \llbracket M \rrbracket^{\text{NI}} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \llbracket M \rrbracket^{\text{I}}$$

Future work

- ▶ Study execution time in the idempotent setting
- ▶ General theory of orthogonality bicategories

Thank you